

# Master's Degree in Dentistry and Dental Prosthetics 2023/2024

Integrated Teaching: Biology and Genetics Scientific Disciplinary Sectors: BIO/13, MED/03 Responsible Professor: Prof. <u>Cinzia Ciccacci</u>; e-mail: <u>cinzia.ciccacci@unicamillus.org</u> Number of University Educational Credits (CFU):11

Module: Applied Biology Scientific Disciplinary Sector: BIO/13 Number of University Educational Credits (CFU): 8 Professors:

- Prof. Emanuele Bruni (5 CFU); e-mail: emanuele.bruni@unicamillus.org
- Prof. <u>Caterina Pipino</u> (3 CFU); e- mail: <u>caterina.pipino@unicamillus.org</u>

Module: Medical Genetics Scientific Disciplinary Sector: MED/03 Number of University Educational Credits (CFU): 3 Professor: Prof. <u>Cinzia Ciccacci</u>; e-mail: cinzia.ciccacci@unicamillus.org

### PREREQUISITES

There are no prerequisites, but it would be desirable that student already knows basic biology elements, such as the gene structure, DNA replication, concepts of meiosis and mitosis.

### LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The integrated course of Biology and Genetics will provide the student with the basis for understanding the biological processes and the diseases causing mechanisms. The Applied Biology teaching will provide knowledge useful to distinguish living systems, with particular reference to: the structural and functional characteristics of the cell; the study of the processes and the most important cellular activities; the study of the molecular mechanisms underlying the regulation of gene expression in relation to the cell differentiation process, as a differential expression of the genetic heritage.

The Medical Genetics teaching will provide to students the knowledge on the main notions on inheritance of monogenic, chromosomal and multifactorial diseases. At the end of the course the student will be able to distinguish the main classes of genetic diseases and to recognize the modes of transmission of hereditary diseases.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

### Knowledge and understanding

At the end of the course, the student must have acquired:

Knowledge and understanding

- The knowledge of the principles of classification of living beings.

- The knowledge of the main characteristics and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.



- The knowledge of the main cellular compartments and their function.
- The knowledge of the general principles of cellular metabolism.
- The knowledge of the molecular basis of the transmission of hereditary characters.
- The knowledge of the molecular basis of gene expression.
- The knowledge of the mechanisms underlying cell differentiation.
- The understanding of the molecular and cellular mechanisms underlying diseases

- The knowledge of the main inheritance models of monogenic, chromosomal and multifactorial diseases

- The understanding of how to reconstruct family pedigrees and to calculate disease recurrence
- The understanding of the major kinds of genetic testing and their proper use.

## Applying knowledge and understanding

- The ability to describe biological processes and the mechanisms that regulate them

- The understanding of the molecular and cellular mechanisms underlying diseases

- The capacity to analyse family pedigrees and clinical and molecular genetic data useful for genetic counselling

- The ability to calculate disease recurrence risk

## **Communication skills**

- The ability to adequately describe a biological phenomenon by demonstrating an appropriate scientific language

- The use of correct genetic terminology

- The ability to describe the main models of inheritance and the recurrence risk

## Making judgements

- The ability to synthesize and correlate the various topics

- A critical ability on the use of genetic tests for the molecular diagnosis of monogenic and chromosomal diseases or for the evaluation of genetic susceptibility to complex diseases

## Learning skills

- Ability to apply a study and learning method that will be adequate to deepen the topics of the course with a high degree of autonomy.

## COURSE SYLLABUS

## **Applied Biology**

- Main characteristics of living systems: Fundamental properties of cells; the cell theory; organization, structure, complexity and main differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells; structure and functions of cellular organelles; definition and classification of viruses and stages of viral infection.

- **Chemical basis of life:** structure and function of the four biological molecules (carbohydrates, lipids, nucleic acids and proteins); definition of enzymes as biological catalysts.



- **Plasma membrane:** Properties and functions, modes of transport of small molecules across the plasma membrane (simple diffusion, facilitated diffusion, active transport).

- Internal organization of the cell: Intracellular compartments and protein sorting, intracellular membrane traffic, organelles. The cytoskeleton and cell motility. Nuclear compartment, structure and functions. The different levels of chromatin condensation.

- **Energy conversion:** Glycolysis and fermentation (outline). Mitochondria and Chloroplasts, structure and function.

- **Molecular basis of hereditary information**: DNA replication. DNA repair and its correlation with human diseases.

- **RNA**, structure and function: Main types of cellular RNAs and differences with respect to DNA in terms of molecular size, stability and biological functions. Transcription and RNA maturation.

- Genetic Code and its properties. Protein synthesis: How cells read the genome. Main posttranslational

modifications of the polypeptide chains.

- **Post-synthetic fate of proteins, endomembranes and membrane traffic:** Endocytosis, pinocytosis, phagocytosis and receptor-mediated endocytosis (LDL).

- **Control of gene expression**: Molecular mechanisms that create specialized cell types. Functional organization of the eukaryotic genome. Histone code. Transcriptional control, role of chromatin condensation and of the degree of DNA methylation.

- **Cell Signaling:** Exchange of chemical signals through receptor proteins. The key role played by protein kinases in this process. Key pathways in cellular transduction.

- The cytoskeleton and the interactions between cells and their environment: Cytoskeleton. Structure and function of actin, microtubules, and intermediate filaments. Motor proteins. Adhesion molecules and the extracellular matrix.

- **Cell Cycle:** The cell cycle and overview of the cell cycle control system. The role of the cyclindependent kinases.

- **Mitosis and Meiosis:** Principles of chromosome dynamics during mitosis and meiosis; molecular mechanisms of genetic recombination.

- **Gene mutations:** Mutations by substitution, insertion, or deletion of nucleotides. Spontaneous and induced mutations. Chemical and physical mutagens. DNA repair systems for single or double-stranded DNA damage.

- Apoptosis, Necrosis and Autophagy: Basic knowledge of the apoptosis, necrosis and autophagy processes.

- **Molecular basis of cancer:** Tumor suppressors and proto-oncogenes. Molecular mechanisms in cellular transformation. Characteristics of a cancer cell.

- **Stem cells and regenerative medicine:** Basic knowledge of stem cells and their potential applications in regenerative medicine.



### **Medical Genetics**

- Basic Genetics: Definitions of Key Terms: gene, locus, allele, genotype, phenotype, haplotype, homozygous, heterozygous, haploid, diploid, dominance, recessivity, codominance, mutation, polymorphism.

- Principles of Genetic Transmission: Mendel's Genetic Hypothesis, The Monohybrid and Dihybrid Crosses, Segregation in Human Pedigrees, Blood groups Genetics

- Monogenic Inheritance Models: Autosomal inheritance, Autosomal recessive inheritance, X-linked inheritance

- Genetic Risk calculation and pedigrees analyses. Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium.

- Chromosomes: Structure and Analysis, Chromosomes Pathologies
- Genomic Imprinting
- X-chromosome inactivation
- Mitochondrial inheritance: mitochondrial DNA, pattern of inheritance
- Multifactorial Inheritance and Common Diseases: polymorphisms, susceptibility genes, geneenvironment interaction, association studies
- Pharmacogenomics and Personalised Medicine
- Genetic tests and Counselling.
- Prenatal and postnatal testing

- Examples of genetic diseases: BRCA1 and breast cancer, Cystic fibrosis, sex development disorders, dinamic mutations disorders, Genes and dental disorders

- Epigenetics and nutrigenetics. Outlines

## **COURSE STRUCTURE**

The course is divided in frontal lectures, 80 hours in Biology and 30 hours in Medical Genetics. The teachers use educational tools such as presentations organized in power-point files with explanatory diagrams, illustrations and images to describe the various topics of the course. Moreover, Medical Genetics Lectures will include also interactive lessons with exercises. The attendance at lectures is mandatory.

### **COURSE GRADE DETERMINATION**

Student learning will be assessed through a written and oral exam. The written test consists of multiple-choice questions, with only one correct answer and each correct answer is assigned a score of 1. There is no penalty for wrong or not given answers. During the oral exam the examining commission will evaluate the student's ability to apply the knowledge and will ensure that they are adequate to achieve the objectives. Finally, active participation during lectures, as well as, making judgments, communication skills and learning skills as in the Dublin descriptors will be assessed. The minimum grade for passing the exam is 18/30.

Hence, the whole examination will be evaluated as it follows:

Insufficient: severe poor knowledge of the subject, very limited skill in the analysis of specific items.



18-20: knowledge of the subjects of sufficient quality characterized by frequent imperfections. Analysis and reasoning skills of sufficient quality.

21-23: standard knowledge of the specific subject; analysis and reasoning skill of acceptable quality.

24-26: good knowledge of the subjects and good analysis and reasoning skills; arguments are expressed in a rigorous way.

27-29: very good knowledge of the specific scientific subjects, valid analysis and reasoning skills, significant skill in making judgements.

30-30L: outstanding knowledge of the specific knowledge of the scientific tasks. Exceptional analysis, reasoning and making judgments skills.

# **READING MATERIALS**

## BIOLOGY

Recommended textbooks: "Molecular Biology of the Cell", VII edition, Bruce Alberts et al., WW Norton & Co.

"Essential Cell Biology", Bruce Alberts et al. V ed., WW Norton & Co.

"Fondamenti di Biologia" Solomon, E. P. (8th Edition). EdiSES, 2022.

## **MEDICAL GENETICS:**

Lectures in pdf format will be provided to students. Recommended books:

" Genetica in Medicina " by R. Nussbaum. Thompson & Thompson. Edises

" Genetica Umana" by R Lewis, Piccin

"Medical Genetics" by Jorde et al. VI edition. Edited by Elsevier